

are original applications, as provided in §§ 222.22(c) and 222.23(c).

[39 FR 41375, Nov. 27, 1974, as amended at 55 FR 20607, May 18, 1990]

§ 222.26 Amendment of permits by NMFS.

All permits are issued subject to the condition that the National Marine Fisheries Service reserves the right to amend the provisions of a permit for just cause at any time during its term. Such amendments take effect on the date of notification, unless otherwise specified.

[39 FR 41375, Nov. 27, 1974]

§ 222.27 Procedures for suspension, revocation, or modification of permits.

Any violation of the applicable provisions of parts 217 through 222 of this chapter, or of the Act, or of a condition of the permit may subject the certificate holder to the following:

- (a) The penalties provided in the Act; and
- (b) Suspension, revocation, or modification of the permit, as provided in subpart D of 15 CFR part 904.

[49 FR 1043, Jan. 6, 1984, as amended at 55 FR 20607, May 18, 1990]

§ 222.28 Possession of permits.

(a) Any permit issued under these regulations must be in the possession of the person to whom it is issued (or an agent of such person) during:

- (1) The time of the authorized taking, importation, exportation, or other act;
- (2) The period of any transit of such person or agent which is incident to such taking, importation, exportation, or other act; and

(3) Any other time while any animal under such permit is in the possession of such person or agent.

(b) A duplicate copy of the issued permit must be physically attached to the tank, container, package, enclosure, or other means of containment, in which the animal is placed for purposes of storage, transit, supervision, or care.

[39 FR 41375, Nov. 27, 1974]

Subpart D—Special Prohibitions

§ 222.31 Approaching humpback whales in Hawaii.

Except as provided in subpart C (Endangered Fish or Wildlife Permits) of this part it is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to commit, to attempt to commit, to solicit another to commit, or to cause to be committed, within 200 nautical miles (370.4 km) of the Islands of Hawaii, any of the following acts with respect to humpback whales (*Megaptera novaeangliae*):

- (a) Operate any aircraft within 1,000 ft (300 m) of any humpback whale; or
- (b) Approach by any means, within 100 yd (90 m) of any humpback whale; or
- (c) Cause a vessel or other object to approach within 100 yd (90 m) of a humpback whale; or

(d) Disrupt the normal behavior or prior activity of a whale by any other act or omission. A disruption of normal behavior may be manifested by, among other actions on the part of the whale, a rapid change in direction or speed; escape tactics such as prolonged diving, underwater course changes, underwater exhalation, or evasive swimming patterns; interruptions of breeding, nursing, or resting activities, attempts by a whale to shield a calf from a vessel or human observer by tail swishing or by other protective movement; or the abandonment of a previously frequented area.

[60 FR 3775, Jan. 19, 1995]

§ 222.32 Approaching North Atlantic right whales.

(a) *Prohibitions.* Except as provided under paragraph (c) of this section, it is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to commit, attempt to commit, to solicit another to commit, or cause to be committed any of the following acts:

(1) Approach (including by interception) within 500 yards (460 m) of a right whale by vessel, aircraft, or any other means;

(2) Fail to undertake required right whale avoidance measures specified under paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Right whale avoidance measures.* Except as provided under paragraph (c)